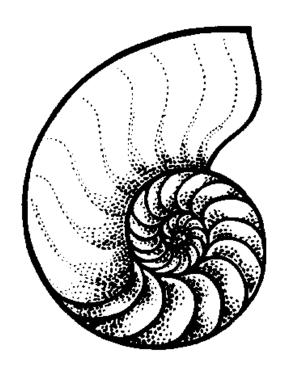
EMERGENCY PLAN



NEW HORIZON SCHOOL

When An Earthquake Strikes . . .

What everyone should know in the event of an earthquake

A chec	klist
	Remain Calm; Reassure Others
	If Inside, Stay There! If Outside, Stay There! Take Cover, Protect Head & Face, Don't Run Down Stairs
	Do Not Light A Match Or Turn On A Light Switch; Use A Flashlight!
	Check For Injuries; Administer First Aid
	Check For Fires
	Check Utilities; Shut Off If Necessary
	Draw a Moderate Amount of Cold Water from Outdoor Spigots If Possible
	Turn on Radio or TV for Emergency Bulletins
	Take Routine Medication If Available
	Clean Up Hazardous Materials
	Do Not Go Without Food or Water Too Long; Avoid Open Containers Near Shattered Glass
	Confine Frightened Pets
	Check House For Structural Damage—Evacuate If Necessary
	Do Not Use Telephone Except In Extreme Emergency
	Be Prepared For Additional Earthquake Shocks
	Stay Out of Danger Areas; Never Go To The Beach To Watch For Tsunami (Giant Sea Waves)
	Respond To Requests From Civil Defense Officers, Police, Fire Fighting or Relief Organizations

Survival

- Water 2 quarts to 1 gallon per person per day
- First Aid Kit ample and freshly stocked
- First Aid Book know how to use it
- Food canned or dehydrated. Pre-cooked and/or requiring minimum heat and water Consider infants, pets and other special dietary requirements
- · Can Opener
- Blankets or sleeping bag for each member of family
- Radio portable, battery operated. Spare batteries
- Critical medication and glasses as required
- Fire extinguisher dry chemical
- Flashlight fresh and spare batteries and bulb
- Watch or clock battery or spring wound

Sanitation Supplies

- Large plastic trash bags for trash, waste, water protection, ground cloth
- Large trash cans
- Hand soap
- Liquid detergent
- Shampoo
- Toothpaste and toothbrush
- Pre-moistened towelettes
- Deodorant
- Feminine supplies
- Infant supplies
- Toilet paper
- Powdered chlorinated lime add to sewage to deodorize, disinfect and keep away insects
- Newspapers to wrap garbage and waste. Can also be used for warmth

Safety

- Heavy gloves for every person clearing debris
- Candles
- Matches dipped in wax and kept in waterproof container
- Knife sharp or razor blades
- Garden hose for siphoning and fire fighting

Cooking

- Barbeque charcoal and lighter or Sterno stove
- Plastic bags various sizes, sealable
- Pots at least 2
- Paper plates
- Plastic knives, forks, spoons
- Paper Towels

Tools

- Axe
- Shovel
- Broom
- Crescent wrench for turning off gas main
- Screw driver
- Pliers
- Hammer
- Coil of 1/2 inch rope
- Coil of bailing wire
- Plastic tape
- Pen and paper

Ophthalmic topical ointment	1 tube
•	1 bottle
Ophthalmic solution (eye wash)	1 boute
Pack, cold Temp-Aid	1
Pack, hot Temp-Aid	1
Paper cups	1 box
Paper bags	1 box
Paper towels	1 case
Pencils or ball point pens	1 package
Petroleum jelly	1 large jar
Pitcher or jar with cover (can be used as a measuring device)	1 quart size
Plastic garbage bags (red for contamination, tan for general)	1 box each
Porta pottie	2
Q-tip swabs	2 packages
Safety pins (assorted sizes)	2 packages
Sanitary napkins (can be used for heavy bleeding wounds)	1 case
Soap (liquid and bar)	1/2 gallon & 10 bars
Salt (1 tsp. per qt. sterile water = normal saline)	1 box
Sodium bicarbonate	1 box
Spine board (long and short)	1 each
Splints (inflatable, boards, magazines or other)	several sets
Stethoscope	3
Sterile single gloves (med-lg)	1 box
Table	1
Tape (adhesive, micopore, transpore 1 & 2 inch)	1 box each size
Thermometer (Tempa-Dot, disposable)	1 box each oral and rectal
Toilet tissue	1 case
Tongue depressors	1 package
Towelettes (moist)	5 boxes
Treatment log	1
Triage tags (from Office of Emergency Services)	50
Tylenol (5 grains)	1 bottle
Water purification tablets or Household bleach	1 bottle
(6 drops in 1 gallon of water)	1/2 gallon

First Aid Medical Supplies

(50 Victims)

The following is a list of medical supplies suggested as adequate to provide first aid care for approximately 50 victims. Adjustments should be made to this list to accommodate peculiarities of the specific facility, i.e., school, church, business or industry, as well as the nature of the injuries expected.

Description	Quantity
A1 1 1	111
Alcohol	1bottle
Alcohol prep (100 per box)	1 box
Aluminum foil (18 inches wide)	1 roll
Antibiotic ointment (neosporin, etc.)	1 tube
Antibiotic solution (betadine)	1bottle
Aromatic spirits of ammonia (10/bx)	1 box
Aspirin (2 1/2 and 5 grains)	1 bottle each
Band-aids (assorted sizes)	2 boxes
Bandage (ACE wrap, Kerlix, Kling, or other conforming bandage	1 box each
several widths, 2, 3, 4, 6 inch)	
Bandage scissors (blunt nose type)	3 pairs
Bandage, triangular (36 x 40 x 55 inch)	3
Basin, emesis (disposable)	10
Basin, round (sterile disposal)	10
Benzene hexachloride 1% or Kwell (lice treatment)	1 bottle
Blankets (space or disposable)	50
Blood pressure cuff with manometer	3
Burn preparation (silver sulfadiazine)	1 tube
Burn sheets (sterile disposable)	1 package
Cervical collar (small, medium, & large)	1 each
Chest or box with a lock to store these supplies	1
Cots, folding	50
Cotton balls (unsterile)	1 large package
Diarrhea medicine	1 bottle
Disinfectant (handwashing)	1 gallon
Dressings (2 x 2's, 3 x 3's, & 4 x 4's sterile)	1 box each
Dressings (5 x 9's & 8 x 10's sterile)	2 boxes each
Dressisngs (eye pad, oval sterile)	1 box
Dressings (Vaseline gauze 3 x 36 inch sterile)	1 box
Fire extinguisher (ABC type)	1 001
Flashlight and pen light with extra batteries or headlamp	
Flares	1 box
Forceps or large tweezers	3 pairs
Garbage bags (assorted sizes)	1 box each
Heating device (stove, hot plate, oil burner or canned heat	1 UUA CACII
Ipecac	1 bottle
Marking pen (skin)	2
Kleenex Newspapers (aplints, etc.)	2 boxes
Newspapers (splints, etc.)	10
Note pads	10

Emergency Information Guide

Storing Water

Why?

In a disaster such as a large magnitude earthquake, water systems will most likely suffer damage and safe water will not be available. Store a two weeks supply of water for each family member (two gallons per person per day), to cover drinking, first aid and cooking needs. Include water provisions for pets. Learn how to shut off the water supply to your house or business.

How To Store Water

Water should be stored in plastic containers, preferably heavy opaque plastic with tight fitting, screw-on caps. Mark the date on the containers when stored and place in a cool, dark location. Use the water within one year and replace. A small amount of household bleach (95.25% sodium hypo chlorite), 8 drops per gallon will prevent bacterial growth. Purchased bottled water can be stored for several years.

Other Emergency Sources

Your threshold water heater tank can supply 30 - 60 gallons for an emergency supply. When not under pressure (the main valve to the house is shut off) the tank may have to be vented by opening the hot water faucet or disconnecting the hot water line at the top of the heater. Turn off the gas or electricity to the tank before draining off water for emergency use. Melted ice cubs, toilet reservoir tanks (without disinfectants), and juices from canned foods may also be used.

How To Purify Water

Boiling:	Boil vigorously for 3 - 5 minutes.	To improve taste, pour from one
Doning.	Don vigorously for 3 - 3 minutes.	To improve taste, pour from one

container to another several times to aerate.

Purification Tablets: Available at most drug stores. Follow directions on the package.

Bleach Purification: Liquid household bleach (sodium hypo chlorite 5.25%) can be used. Add

according to the table below. Mix thoroughly; let stand for 30 minutes. If

liquid pool chlorine is used, add only half the amounts listed below.

Amount Of Water	Clear Water	Cloudy Water
1 quart	2 drops	4 drops
1 gallon	8 drops	16 drops
5 gallons	1/2 tsp	1 tsp
50 gallons	1 tbls (3 tsp)	2 tbls

New Horizon School Earthquake Plan

Earthquakes strike without warning. The following actions should be taken if possible.

Inside The School Building

- Students and staff are to get under desks, or heavy furniture, or door frames, and as far from windows as possible. Avoid bookcases or other non-structural hazards.
- When the quake is over:

leave the building as in a fire drill assemble at open parking lot to the east of school on Third Street

Staff

take roll check for injuries; render first aid, as needed

- *Do not* re-enter or allow students to re-enter the building until the structure is declared safe by a competent authority, usually a government building inspector.
- If you smell gas, turn off the gas with your prepositioned wrench, which is stored next to the main gas shut off valve. Notify the gas company immediately.
- Stay alert, brief students on the possibility of aftershocks
- *Listen* to your battery powered radio for instructions and shelter locations

If school building is damaged:

- 1) open field east of school
- 2) meet at Memorial Hospital near emergency door entrance (Montgomery Drive)
- 3) or Police Station on Sonoma Avenue
- 4) or to Alternate facility as given on Emergency Broadcasting System on the radio

Outside the School Building

- The safest place is in the open, away from building, trees and utility poles and wires. Drop to the ground and stay there until the quake subsides.
- Assemble at parking lot east of school
- Follow above directions

If Off Campus

- Return to school ASAP
- Or try to phone / walky-talky
- Follow above procedures

New Horizon School

Disaster Preparedness

Emergency Supplies

Director assumes responsibility for updating / replenishing emergency supplies on an ongoing basis. NHS maintains supplies as listed in the *General Information Guide*.

Location of Disaster Supplies / First Aid Kits

827 Third Street

Outside: Shed, both vans Inside: both bathrooms

Location of Emergency Ladders

Two ladders located upstairs at 827 Third Street

- Room 6 (Big's Room) Bottom Bookcase below east window
- In plastic bin in shower stall

Location of Fire Extinguishers

827 Third Street

1st Floor: 1) Kitchen wall at entry 2) Small classroom (Room 1) by back door

3) landing of stairs by front door 4) library

2nd Floor: Outside men's room on wall, top of stairs

Location of Fire Alarms

827 Third Street

1st Floor: Foyer wall opposite front door

2nd Floor: Hallway near stairs

Communication / Phone Tree: Parent Phone Tree list is updated each semester and disseminated to parents by phone tree coordinator.

NHS Fire & Earthquake Drills

Fire / Earthquake drills are held throughout the school year to insure a *calm*, well-rehearsed response to a need for evacuation.

When fire drill is called:

teacher and students will follow evacuation plan posted in classroom exit building, gather at adjacent parking lots nearest the buildings teacher takes roll, returns with class to school when the "all clear signal" is given

For earthquakes:

drill coordinator / classroom teachers will give the "drop & cover" command students & staff will seek cover under desk, table or door frame when "all clear" is given, return to seats or exit building as instructed

New Horizon School Disaster Plan & Information Guide

Introduction

This disaster plan is developed to:

- provide instructions for staff, students and families to prepare them for a disaster
- *design* a reunification plan for students, staff and their families
- provide safety for students and staff while in NHS care following a disaster

This plan provides a general framework in the event of a disaster. The procedures in this plan will be followed to the extent they seem reasonable.

Primary responsibility for the execution of this plan rests with the school's director. Director and staff assume responsibility for all students until they are reunited with parents / legal guardians.

It is suggested that parents, with their children, create a family disaster preparedness plan, which coordinates with the New Horizon School plan. Important elements would include a post-disaster communication and reunification plan.

Emergency Coordinators

*Disaster Coordinator: Marianne Campbell

*Also responsible for updating emergency supplies and plan annually

Building Damage Coordinator: Deborah Greene-Jacobi

Fire / Earthquake Drill Coordinator: Deborah Greene-Jacobi

First Aid Coordinator: Molly Taylor

CPR Trained Staff: Molly Taylor & Kathy Bremner, Deborah Greene, Jeff Fremo, Diane Kane

Communication Coordinator: Karen Schoeman

Phone Tree Coordinator: Carolyn Richards, Meredith Cahn

New Horizon School Disaster Plan

& Information Guide

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